

## ESE Reit 2019 2. pdf

### ESE Reit 2019 1<sup>o</sup> - 2<sup>o</sup> parte

SELECT(A, k) % trova l'elemento di rangok min A

if |A| = 1 return (A[1])

else

    se gli è caso e è diviso A in  $A_1 = \{x \in A : x < a\}$

    e  $A_2 = \{x \in A : x > a\}$ , calcola  $j = |A_1|$

    if  $k = j+1$  then return (a)

    else if  $k \leq j$  then return (SELECT(A<sub>1</sub>, k))

    else return (SELECT(A<sub>2</sub>, k-j-1))

SELECT(A, \*)

$$A = \{12, 3, 7, 2, 14, 8, 15, 5, 21, 6, 1, 10, 8, 4\}$$

$$a = 12$$

$$A_1 = \{3, 7, 2, 5, 6, 1, 10, 8, 4\}$$

$$A_2 = \{14, 15, 21\}$$

$$j = 10$$

$$k = 11 ? \text{NO}$$

$$4 \leq 10 \quad \text{SELECT}(A_1, 4)$$

$$a = 3$$

$$A_1 = \{2, 1\}$$

$$A_2 = \{7, 3, 5, 6, 10, 8, 4\}$$

$$j = 2$$

$$k = 3 ? \text{NO}$$

$$4 \leq 2 ? \quad \text{SELECT}(A_2, 1)$$

$$a = 7$$

$$A_1 = \{5, 6, 4\}$$

$$A_2 = \{3, 10, 8\}$$

$$j = 3$$

$$k \leq j \quad \text{SELECT}(A_1, 1)$$

$$j = 5$$

$$A_1 = \{4\}$$

$$A_2 = \{6\}$$

$$j = 1$$

$$k \leq j \quad \text{SELECT}(\text{SOMMA}(A_1, 1))$$

return [4]